

1  
B  
25. (Amended) A process according to claim 24 wherein the paper is SC paper, and wherein colloidal PCC is used in a quantity sufficient to achieve a porosity of at most 0.30  $\mu\text{m}/\text{Pas}$ .

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31. (Amended) A process according to claim 30 wherein colloidal PCC is incorporated into the paper in an amount of at least about 2% by weight based on the total weight of the paper.

B2  
32. (Amended) Uncoated wood-containing paper containing colloidal precipitated calcium carbonate (PCC).

B3  
33. (Amended) Paper according to claim 32 containing colloidal PCC having a BET surface area of 10-100  $\text{m}^2/\text{g}$  as a filler.

B3  
36. (Amended) Paper according to claim 32 wherein the colloidal PCC is present in an amount of at least about 1 % by weight based on the total weight of the paper.

B4  
43. (Amended) A pigment mixture suitable for paper manufacture and comprising colloidal precipitated calcium carbonate (PCC) having a BET surface area of 10-100  $\text{m}^2/\text{g}$  in combination with at least one filler selected from the group consisting of: kaolin, calcined kaolin, gypsum, chalk, ground marble, silicate-containing minerals, sulphate-containing minerals, oxide-containing minerals, carbonate-containing minerals, hydroxide-containing minerals, calcium sulfoaluminates, plastic particles and organic pigments.

Please add the following claims:

B5  
--46. (New) The process according to claim 25, wherein the paper is SC-A paper.--

--47. (New) A process for regulating the porosity and printing properties of uncoated wood-containing paper wherein at least about 5% by weight of the publis is lignin-containing pulp, the process comprising using a sufficient quantity of colloidal precipitated calcium carbonate (PCC)